

This policy applies to all employees and officers of the organisation. Other individuals performing functions in relation to the organisation, such as agency workers and contractors, are encouraged to use it.

It is important to the business that any fraud, misconduct or wrongdoing by workers or officers of the organisation is reported and properly dealt with. The organisation therefore encourages all individuals to raise any concerns that they may have about the conduct of others in the business or the way in which the business is run. This policy sets out the way in which individuals may raise any concerns that they have and how those concerns will be dealt with.

Background

The law provides protection for workers who raise legitimate concerns about specified matters. These are called "qualifying disclosures". A qualifying disclosure is one made in the public interest by a worker who has a reasonable belief that:

- A criminal offence,
- An injustice,
- An act creating risk to health and safety,
- An act causing damage to the environment,
- A breach of any other legal obligation, or
- Concealment of any of the above.

It is not necessary for the worker to have proof that such an act is being, has been, or is likely to be, committed - a reasonable belief is sufficient. The worker has no responsibility for investigating the matter - it is the organisation's responsibility to ensure that an investigation takes place.

A worker who makes such a protected disclosure has the right not to be dismissed, subjected to any other detriment, or victimised, because they have made a disclosure.

The organisation encourages workers to raise their concerns under this procedure in the first instance. If a worker is not sure whether to raise a concern, they should discuss the issue with their line manager or the HR department.

Principles

- Everyone should be aware of the importance of preventing and eliminating wrongdoing at work. Workers should be watchful for illegal or unethical conduct and report anything of that nature that they become aware of,
- Any matter raised under this procedure will be investigated thoroughly, promptly, and confidentially, and the outcome of the investigation reported back to the worker who raised the issue,
- No worker will be victimised for raising a matter under this procedure. This means that the continued employment and opportunities for future promotion or training of the worker will not be prejudiced because they have raised a legitimate concern,
- Victimisation of a worker for raising a qualified disclosure will be a disciplinary offence,
- If misconduct is discovered because of any investigation under this procedure the organisation's disciplinary procedure will be used, in addition to any appropriate external measures,
- Maliciously making a false allegation is a disciplinary offence,
- An instruction to cover up wrongdoing is itself a disciplinary offence. If told not to raise or pursue any concern, even by a person in authority such as a manager, workers should not agree to remain silent. They should report the matter to a director.

This procedure is for disclosures about matters other than a breach of an employee's own contract of employment. If an employee is concerned that their own contract has been, or is likely to be, broken, they should use the organisation's grievance procedure.

Procedure

- (1) In the first instance, and unless the worker believes their line manager to be involved in the wrongdoing, or if for any other reason the worker does not wish to approach their line manager, any concerns should be raised with the worker's line manager. If they believe the line manager to be involved, or for any reason does not wish to approach the line manager, then the worker should proceed straight to stage 3.

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(2) The line manager will arrange an investigation into the matter (either by investigating the matter personally or immediately passing the issue to someone in a more senior position). The investigation may involve the worker and other individuals involved giving a written statement. Any investigation will be conducted in accordance with the principles set out above. The worker's statement will be taken into account, and they will be asked to comment on any additional evidence obtained. The line manager (or the person who conducted the investigation) will then report to the board, which will take any necessary action, including reporting the matter to any appropriate government department or regulatory agency. If disciplinary action is required, the line manager (or the person who conducted the investigation) will report the matter to the human resources department and start the disciplinary procedure. On conclusion of any investigation, the worker will be told the outcome of the investigation and what the board has done, or proposes to do, about it. If no action is to be taken, the reason for this will be explained.

(3) If the worker is concerned that their line manager is involved in the wrongdoing, has failed to make a proper investigation or has failed to report the outcome of the investigations to the board, they should inform a director of the organisation [named individual and contact telephone number], who will arrange for another manager to review the investigation carried out, make any necessary enquiries and make their own report to the board as in stage 2 above. If for any other reason the worker does not wish to approach their line manager, they should also in the first instance contact [name of director as above]. Any approach to the director will be treated with the strictest confidence and the worker's identity will not be disclosed without their prior consent.

(4) If on conclusion of stages 1, 2 and 3 the worker believes that the appropriate action has not been taken, they should report the matter to the proper authority. The legislation sets out a number of bodies to which qualifying disclosures may be made.

These include:

- HM Revenue & Customs,
- The Financial Conduct Authority,
- The Competition and Markets Authority,
- The Health and Safety Executive,
- The Environment Agency,
- The Independent Office for Police Conduct, and
- The Serious Fraud Office,

Data Protection

When an individual makes a disclosure, the organisation will process any personal data collected in accordance with its data protection policy. Data collected from the point at which the individual makes the report is held securely and accessed by, and disclosed to, individuals only for the purposes of dealing with the disclosure.

If you have any queries or concerns about data processing during the testing process, these should be directed to HR@rjpowergroup.co.uk.

All employees and others working for RJ Power, are required to comply with this policy to ensure they co-operate and conduct activities in a responsible manner.

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It is the responsibility of RJ Power management and supervisory staff to ensure that this policy and its arrangements are implemented.

This policy will be reviewed annually and revised as often as may be deemed appropriate by RJ Power and then communicated and explained to all employees and sub-contractors.

This policy is available to the public and all other interested parties on request.

Accepted for Issue By:



**Andrew Pierce, Managing Director,
RJ Power Networks.**
31st March 2025

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